



Year Group: Years 5 and 6 (KS2) Date: Monday 20th April 2020

Subject: Art & Design- Colour Theory

LO: I can create tint, tone and shade.



Prior learning: How to create secondary and tertiary colours and how to identify a hue.

Key Facts:

- Hue refers to the origin of the colour we see. Think of the Hue as one of the six **Primary and Secondary** colours. In other words, the **underlying base colour** of the mixture you're looking at is either **Yellow, Orange, Red, Violet, Blue or Green**.
- In Colour Theory a **TINT** any Hue with **White** added. The colour remains the **same only lighter**.
- In Colour Theory, a **TONE** is any pure Hue with **Neutral grey** added. The colour remains the same only **less vibrant**. The **Values** can range from very light to very dark.
- In Colour Theory, a **SHADE** is any pure Hue with **Black** added. The colour remains the same only **darker**.

New learning:

The following links might be useful to help you learn about identifying a hue.

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0p0LVsxsY3I>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VjHXvx8R1-k>

Activity 1:

Can you create tint, tone and shade using a hue of your choice? You can use paints or pencil crayons as it shows in the links above. Or try this online colour mixing site. <https://trycolors.com/>